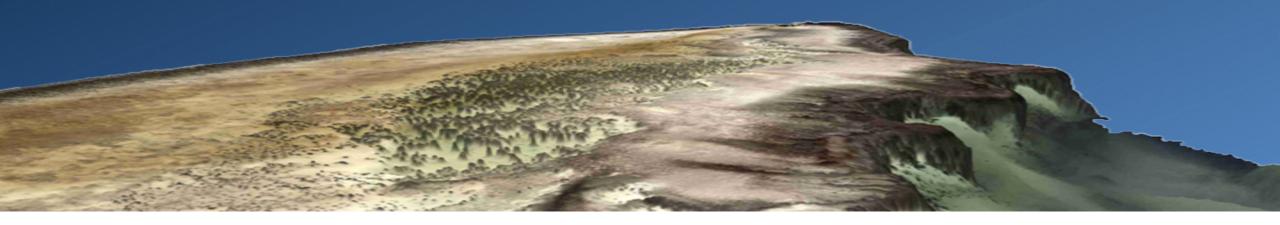
The Art of Satellite-Derived Bathymetry

International SDB Day Lake Ammersee, June 7 2018

> EOMAP Germany, Australia





Let there be light

Aquatic parameters modulate the sunlight reflected from a water body.

Describe the modulation correctly and you can estimate the parameters.



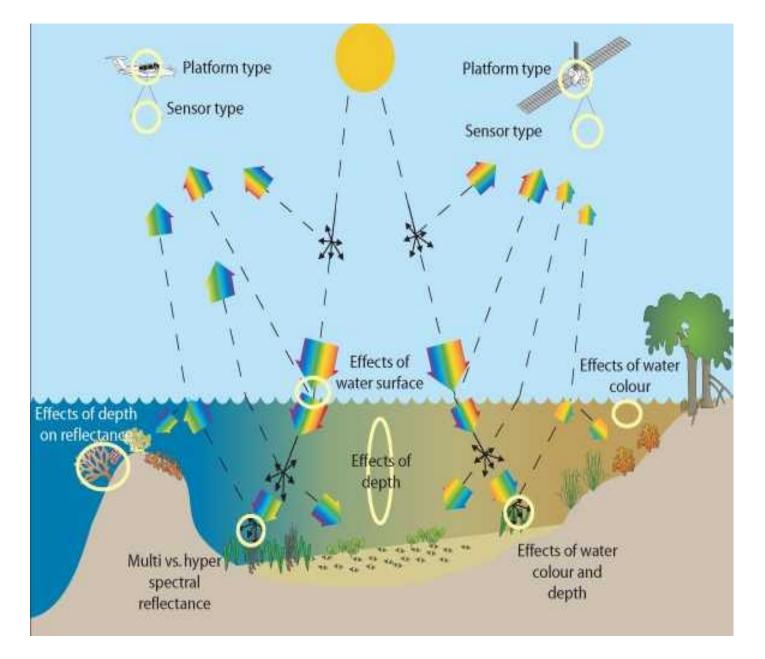
Let there be light

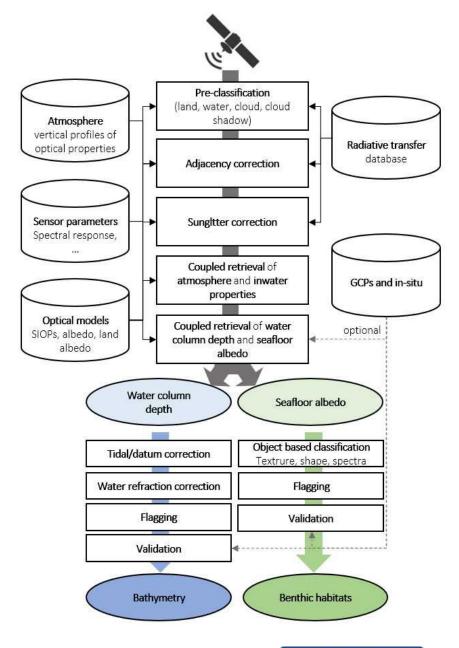
Aquatic parameters modulate the sunlight reflected from a water body.

Describe the modulation correctly and you can estimate the parameters.

Simple.

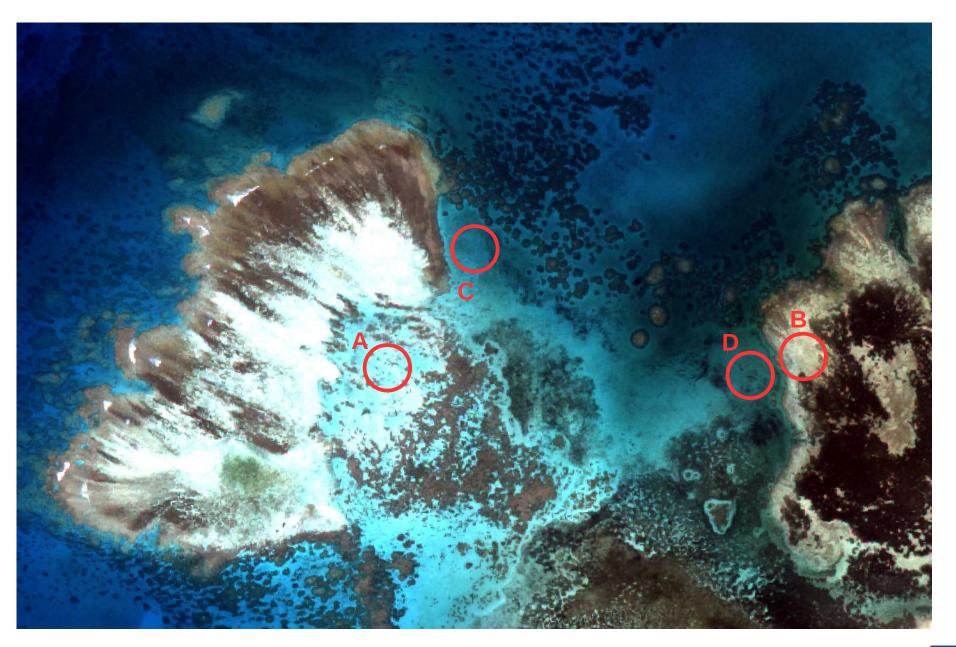




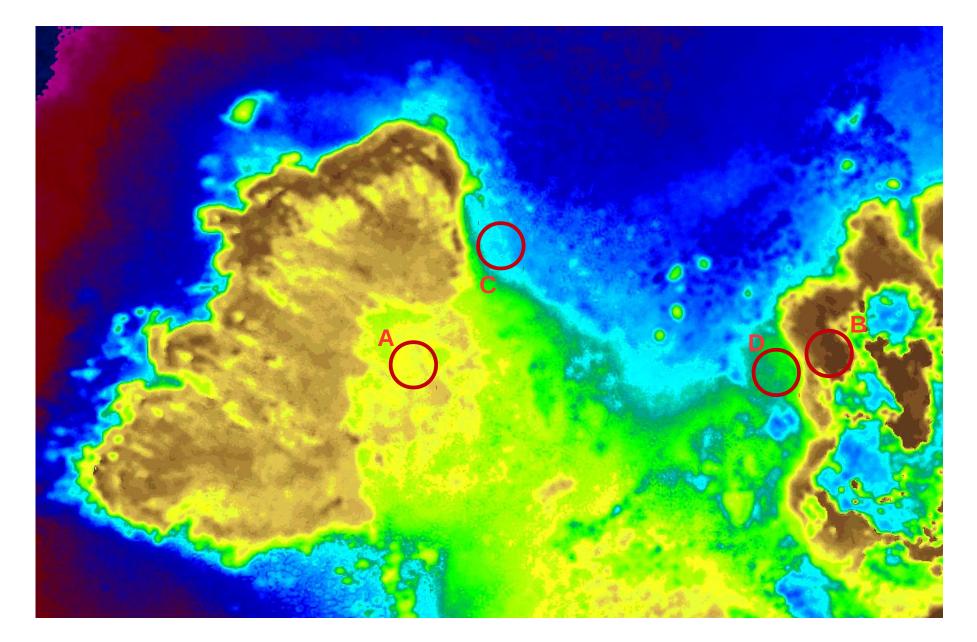


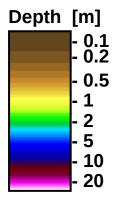
© EOMAP, 2018 Image courtesy of the Centre for Spatial Environmental Research, University of Queensland)



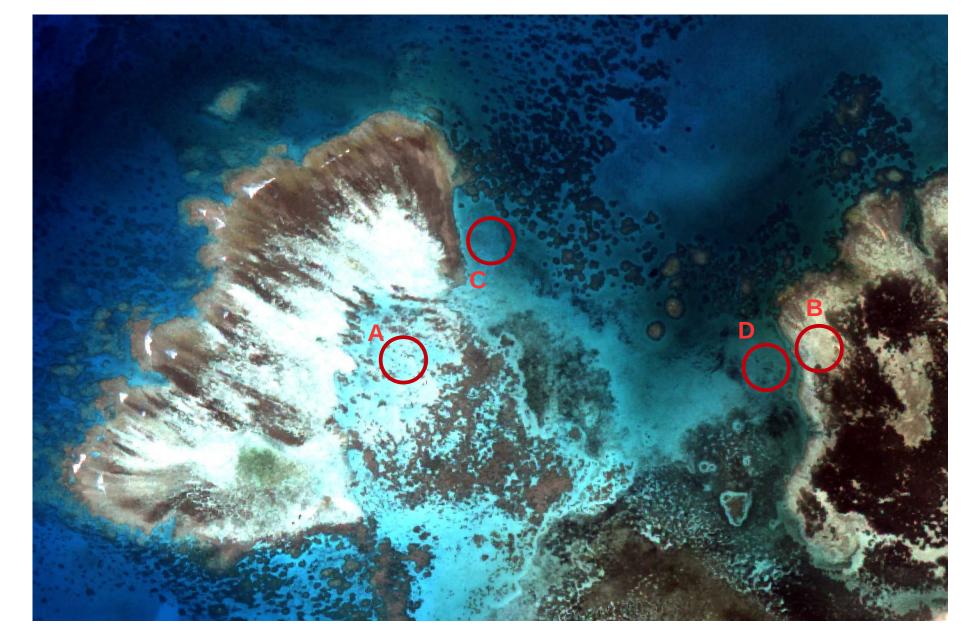














B A D C

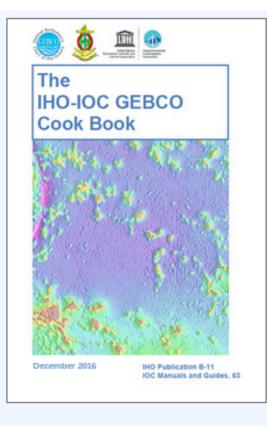
Origins of SDB - 1

Empirical methods

Lyzenga (1985), Clark et al (1987), Jupp (1988), Philpot (1989), Luczkovich et al (1993), Dustan et al, (2001), Stumpf et al (2003), ...

Depth data required a priori
 Works for given sensor and given scene
 Most popular: multiple linear regression

Modern implementation: GEBCO Cookbook





Origins of SDB -2

Radiative Transfer in the water column

Gordon et al (1975), Jerlov (1976), Morel and Prieur (1977), Aas (1987), Philpot 1987, Kirk (1983), Walker (1994), Mobley (1994)..... Dekker et al 2001

$$\mu \frac{dL(\mathbf{s})}{dz} = -cL(\mathbf{s}) + b \int_{\Xi} L(\mathbf{s}')\tilde{\beta}(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{s}')d\Omega \qquad K_d = \frac{a}{\overline{\mu}_d} \left(1 + r_d \frac{b_b}{a} \left(1 - \frac{r_u \overline{\mu}_d}{\overline{\mu}_u + \overline{\mu}_d} \frac{b_b}{a + kb_b} \right) \right), k = \frac{r_d \overline{\mu}_u + r_u \overline{\mu}_d}{\overline{\mu}_u + \overline{\mu}_d}$$

$$R(0-) = \frac{r_d \overline{\mu}_u}{\overline{\mu}_u + \overline{\mu}_d} \frac{b_b}{a + kb_b}, k = \frac{r_d \overline{\mu}_u + r_u \overline{\mu}_d}{\overline{\mu}_u + \overline{\mu}_d} \qquad E_d(z) = E_d(0)e^{-K_d z}$$

$$R(0-, H) = R_\infty + (A - R_\infty)e^{-(K_d + \kappa)H} \qquad E_u(0-) = E_u(0-)_C + E_u(0-)_B$$

$$E_u(0-) = R_\infty E_d(0-) \left(1 - e^{-(\kappa_C + K_d)H} \right) + AE_d(0-)e^{-(\kappa_B + K_d)H}$$





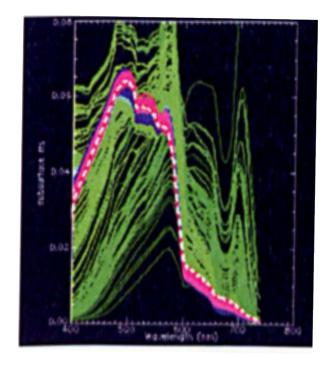
Origins of SDB - 3

Physics-based methods

Maritorena et al (1994), Lee et al, (1998-2001), Mobley (2005),

 No data required a priori
 Sensor agnostic, location independent
 semi-analytical inversions, Look-up-Tables, fully analytical solutions

Modern implementations: HOPE (Lee), SAMBUCA (Brando & Wettle), SMLUT (Mobley), WATCOR (EOMAP)

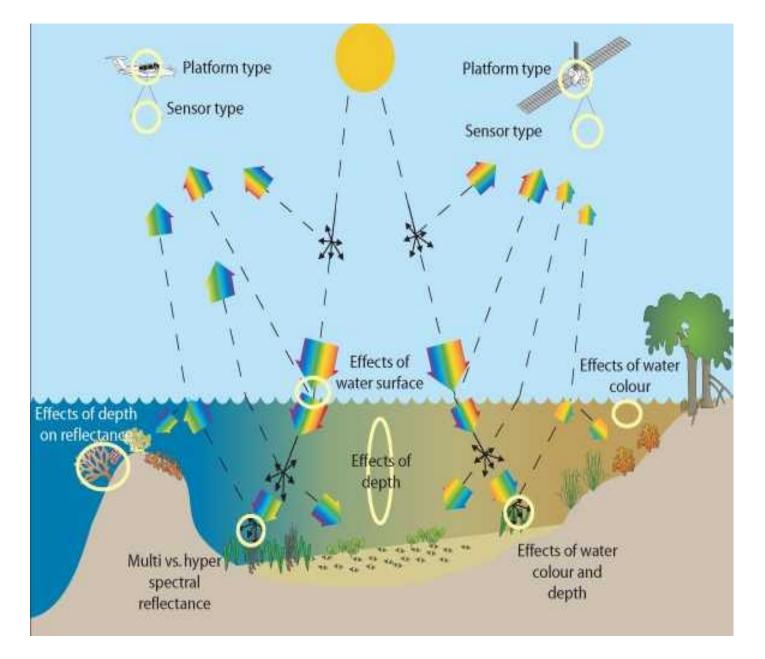


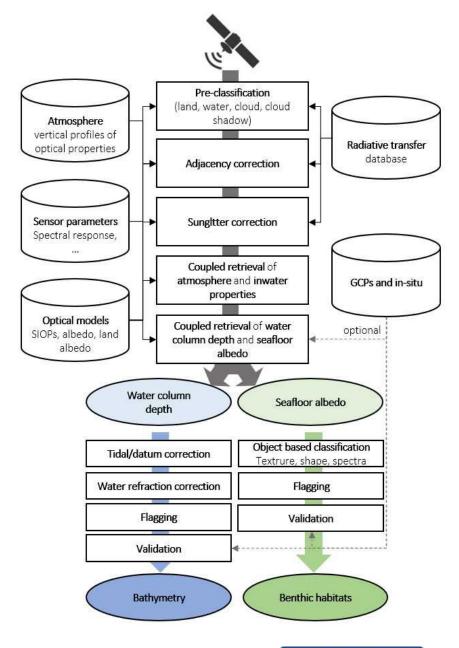


A tale of two methods

	(Semi-) Empirical	Physical
Setup & investment	Easy	Sophisticated
Location independent (In situ data not necessary)	No	Yes
Uncertainties traceable (independent of in-situ data)	No	Yes
Production capability	Dependent on in- situ data	Highly automatable
Methods	Relating brightness or log-ratios to depth (e.g. Lyzenga et al. , Stumpf)	Resolving the light transfer equation (CSIRO SAMBUCA, EOMAP WATCOR,)







© EOMAP, 2018 Image courtesy of the Centre for Spatial Environmental Research, University of Queensland)



At-sensor radiance



Heron Reef Great Barrier Reef Australia

DigitalGlobe WorldView-2

2m resolution



Sub-surface reflectance



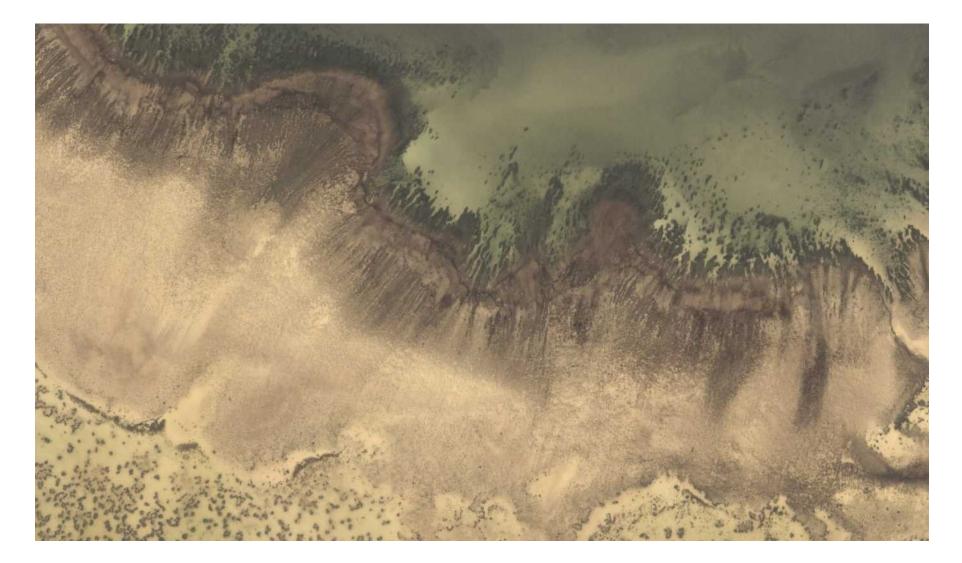
Heron Reef Great Barrier Reef Australia

DigitalGlobe WorldView-2

2m resolution



Seafloor reflectance



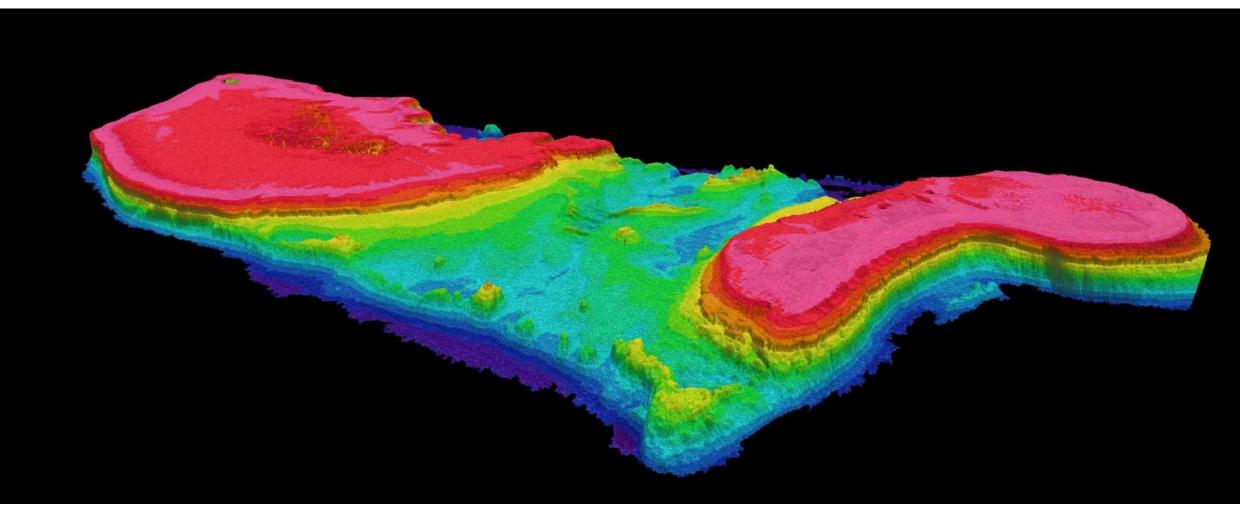
Heron Reef Great Barrier Reef Australia

DigitalGlobe WorldView-2

2m resolution

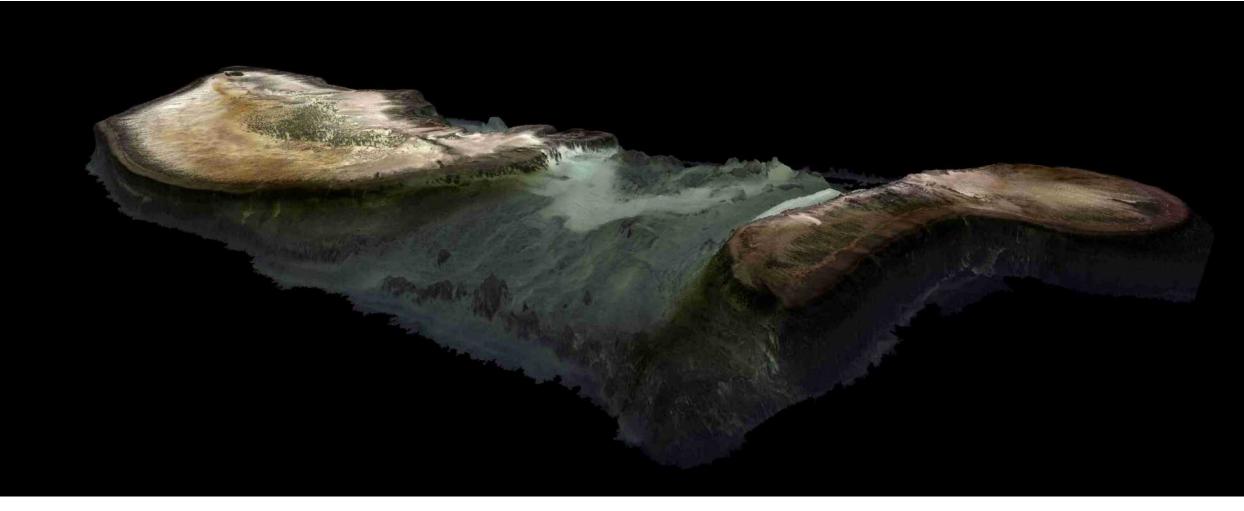


SDB of Heron and Sykes Reef, 2m resolution



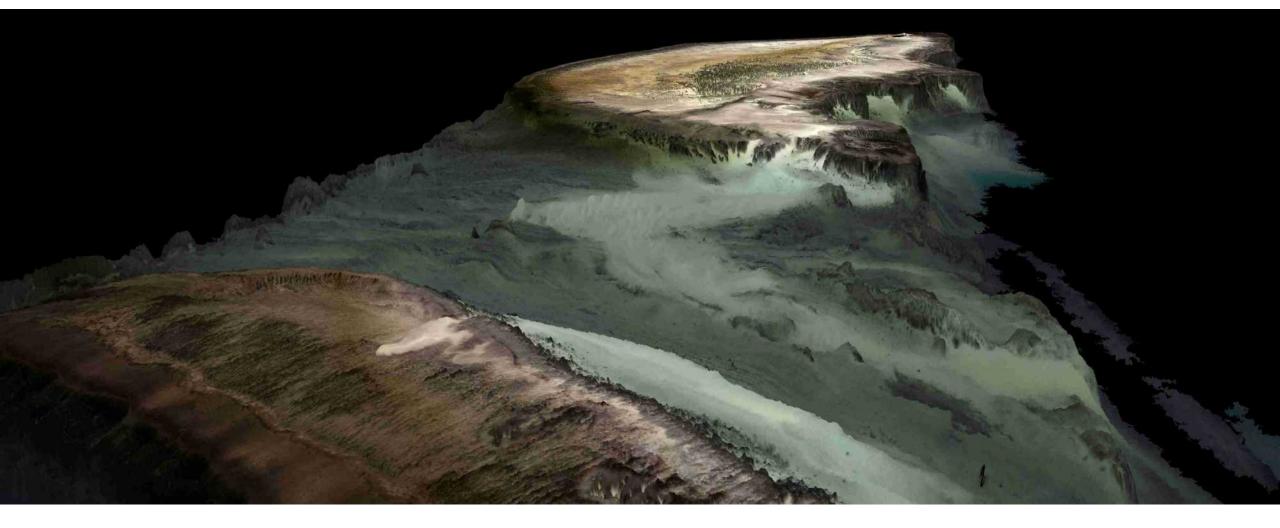


Seafloor reflectance draped on SDB





Seafloor reflectance draped on SDB





Evolution of SDB

- Empirical methods (1980's): R&D, localised sites MicroBRIAN: Mapping the Great Barrier Reef: depth-of-penetration



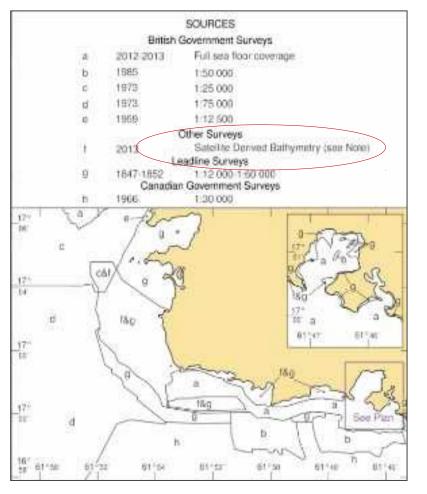
- Decades of R&D (physics-based), some over-promising, gradual uptake

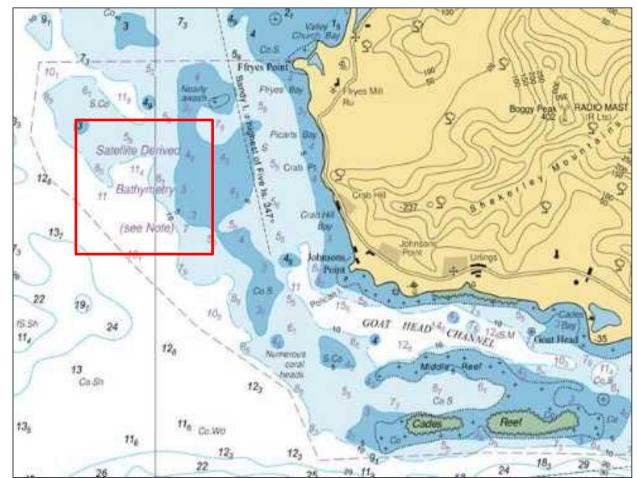
- Commercial deployments around 2005, environmental applications



Evolution of SDB

Admirality Chart BA2066: 2015







Evolution of SDB





Drivers of SDB quality

Sensors

spatial resolution, radiometric calibration/stability, signal-to-noise, re-visit frequency...

Algorithms

implementation of physics, speed, assumptions....

Production workflows (including QC procedures) manual vs. automation, robustness, speed, accuracy assessment, quality control...



The Art of SDB

1. Image pre-processing is critical
Atmospheric correction: robust and rapid
Adjacency effect
Bi-directional Reflectance Distribution Function (BRDF)
And more....

2. Accuracy, validation and uncertainty estimation Mapping remote, unknown area: no absolute accuracy Model-based uncertainty measures + World-wide experience/database



The Art of SDB- image pre-processing





© EOMAP, 2018

The Art of SDB- image pre-processing





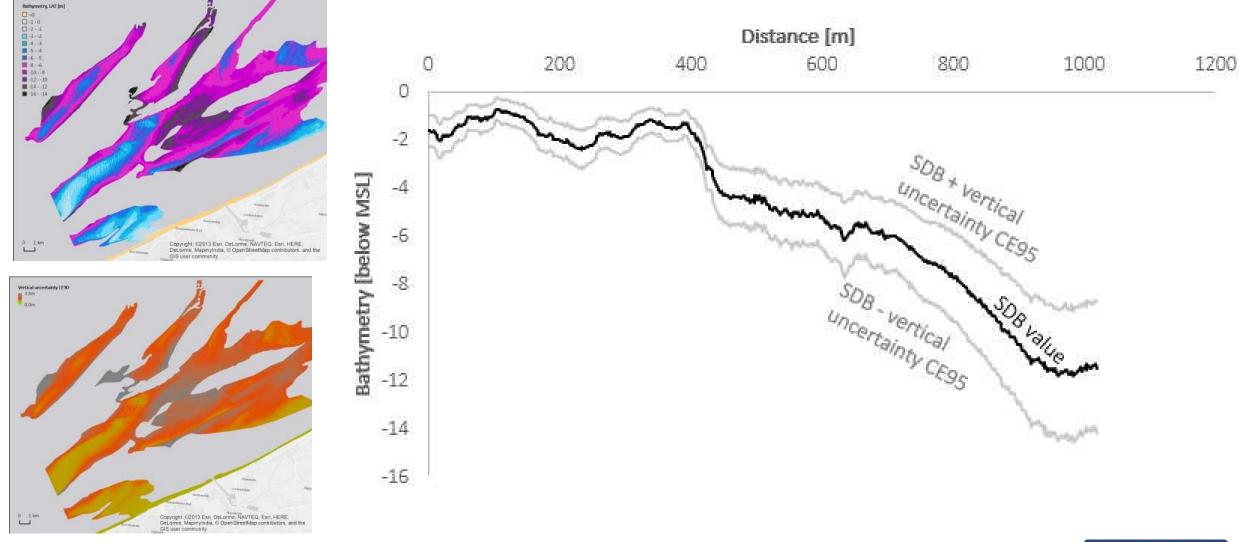
The Art of SDB

1. Image pre-processing is critical
Atmospheric correction: robust and rapid
Adjacency effect
Bi-directional Reflectance Distribution Function (BRDF)
And more....

2. Accuracy, validation and uncertainty estimation Mapping remote, unknown area: no absolute accuracy Model-based uncertainty measures + World-wide experience/database



The Art of SDB – quantifying uncertainty



© EOMAP, 2018



The Art of SDB

"In theory, practice and theory are the same. In practice, they are not."

3. Full parameterisation: towards diminishing returns

- Algorithm complexity affects speed and robustness
- Fieldwork (SIOPs / benthos) defeats the point!

4. All variables are not created equal

- e.g. SDB *can* be relatively stable vs. e.g. seafloor composition
- There is more.....



Future of SDB

Sensors

Options and capabilities will only increase A dedicated shallow water sensor? (UAVs)

Algorithms

Aquatic RT physics is more or less fully understood Number of implementations continue to grow, continual improvements No dramatic step change?

Production workflows (including QC procedures) Increasing automation > stand-alone software Accuracy and reliability tracking Speed



Uptake of SDB

Advantages and limitations

Affordable, rapid, non-intrusive (discrete) Limited by optical depth, cloud cover Complementary to e.g. MBES, ALB

Fit-for-purpose - Applications

Hydrodynamic modelling vs. charting/navigation vs. emergency vs. environmental monitoring vs. treasure hunting vs. shark attack prediction vs.....

Accessibility and Integration

Standards

Hydrographic.....others? Accuracy and quantifiying error



Uptake of SDB



When and how to leverage SDB Understanding SDB quality Standards and integration Requirements (end-users)



Uptake of SDB



Welcome.



© EOMAP, 2018